The Pyongyang Times

No. 6 (645) Weekly Saturday, February 5, 1977 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung receives the Chairman of the Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG
Receives Chairman of Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on January 27 received Kuno Chuji, Chairman of the Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship, who is Liberal Democratic member of the House of Representatives and ex-Minister of Postal Service of Japan, on a visit to our country.

On hand were Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personages concerned Kim Gwan Sop and Kim U Jong.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with the guest in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a telegram of condolence to Comrade Josip Broz Tito, Chairman of the Yugoslav League of Communists and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, on the death of Comrade Dzemal Bijedic, President of the Federal Executive Council of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, in an unexpected accident.

Comrade JOSIP BROZ TITO

Chairman of the Yugoslav League of Communists
President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

Belgrade

Upon hearing the tragic news that Comrade Dzemal Bijedic, President of the Federal Executive Council of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, who had been engaged in the revolutionary struggle for a long period under your leadership, died in an unexpected accident, I, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and in my own name, express deep condolences to you and, through you, to the bereaved family of the deceased.

KIM IL SUNG

General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea
President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, January 21, 1977

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG
Exchanges Messages of New Year's Greetings or New Year's Cards with Party and State Leaders of Various Countries

On the occasion of the New Year 1977, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, exchanged messages of greetings or New Year's cards with Party and state leaders of various countries.

Messages of New Year's greetings or New Year's cards were exchanged with: **Luis Cabral**, President of the Council of the State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau; **Aristides Pereira**, President of the Republic of Cape Verde Islands; **Zayed Bin Sultan Al Nahayan**, President of the United Arab Emirates; **Kristjan Eldjarn**, President of the Republic of Iceland; **A.N. Kosygin**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; **Zulfikar Ali Bhutto**, Prime Minister of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan; **Indira Gandhi**, Prime Minister of the Republic of India; **Sirima R.D. Bandaranaike**, Prime Minister of the Republic of Sri Lanka; **Hafez Al Assad**, President of the Syrian Arab Republic; **Ahmed Sekou Toure**, President of the Republic of Guinea; **Seyni Kountche**, Chairman of the Supreme Military Council, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Republic of Niger; **Horge Rafael Videla**, President of the Republic of Argentina; **Fidel Castro Ruz**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Cuba and President of the State Council of the Republic of Cuba; **Mohamed Siad Barre**, President of the Somali Democratic Republic; **Juvenal Habyalimana**, President of the Republic of Rwanda and Founder and Chairman of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development; **Ibrahim Nasir**, President of the Republic of Maldives; **Francisco Morales Bermudez Ceresti**, President of the Republic of Peru; **Carl Gustaf**, King of the Kingdom of Sweden; **Olav the Fifth**, King of the Kingdom of Norway; **Yassir Arafat**, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and General Commander of the Palestine Revolutionary Armed Forces; **Felix Malloum Ngakoutou Bey-Ndi**, Chairman of the Supreme Military Council and Head of State of the Republic of Chad; **Manuel Pinto Da Costa**, General Secretary of the Liberation Movement of Sao Tome and Principe and President of the Democratic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe; **Mohamed Anwar El Sadat**, President of the Arab Republic of Egypt; **Mohammed Reza Pahlavi**, Shahanshah of Iran; **Moussa Traore**, Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation, Head of State and Prime Minister of the Government of Mali; **Didier Ratsiraka**, President of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar; **Salem Rubaya Ali**, Chairman of the Presidential Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; **Bhumibol Adulyadej**, King of the Kingdom of Thailand; **Houari Boumedienne**, President of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic; **Ahmed Hassan al-Bakr**, President of the Republic of Iraq; **Marien Ngouabi**, President of the People's Republic of the Congo; **El-Hadj Aboubakar Sangoule Lamizana**, President of the Republic of Upper Volta; **Agostinho Neto**, Chairman of the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola and President of the People's Republic of Angola; **Luigi Longo**, Chairman, and **Enrico Berlinguer**, General Secretary, of the CC of the Italian Communist Party; **Nosaka Sanzo**, Chairman of the CC of the Japan Communist Party; and **Narita Tomomi**, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party.

TELEGRAMS

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings to **Idi Amin Dada**, Life President of the Republic of Uganda, on the occasion of the 6th anniversary of the proclamation of the Second Republic of Uganda.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed**, President of the Republic of India, on the occasion of the 27th anniversary of the foundation of the Republic of India.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received a message from Comrade **Hua Kuo-feng** in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter upon his election as Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Chairman of the Military Commission of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, received a reply message from **Leopold Sedar Senghor** for his message of greetings on the latter's election as General Secretary of the Senegalese Socialist Party.

Epochal Measure for Averting the Danger of Permanent National Split and War and Hastening Reunification

A joint meeting of political parties and public organizations was held in Pyongyang on January 25.

The meeting discussed the save-the-nation measure for removing the danger of permanent split of the nation and war and accelerating the country's independent and peaceful reunification and adopted a letter to political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in south Korea and compatriots overseas.

As a step for breaking the present impasse and promoting the cause of national reunification, the meeting called for realizing a great alliance of the socialist forces of the north and the patriotic democratic forces of the south desirous of reunification, easing the tension between the north and the south, removing the danger of a nuclear war, eliminating the source of discord within the nation, creating an atmosphere of great national unity and convening a north-south political consultative conference composed of representatives of all political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in the north and the south to have consultation about the above-mentioned questions.

The four-point proposal put forward at the meeting is a new practical measure which correctly reflects the urgent requirement of the situation prevailing in our country and an epochal save-the-nation measure for solving the internal affairs of the nation on our own and paving the way for reunification.

As a reflection of the national aspiration of our people and the demand of the times for a lasting peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification, the four-point save-the-nation measure will serve as an inspiring banner which enables the people in the northern half of the Republic to have pride and confidence in the justness of their cause and which gives strength and courage to the south Korean people fighting for the democratization of society and the reunification of the country.

It will mark a new turn in dealing a blow at the splittists within and without who are disturbing peace in Korea and hampering her reunification and in defending security and peace in Asia.

Our people regard the four-point save-the-nation measure advanced at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations as an epochal and radical step for opening up a new phase in the solution of the reunification question and fully support and warmly welcome it.

In his New Year Address for 1977, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"It is the greatest and cherished national desire of the entire Korean people to reunify their divided country at the earliest possible date, and this poses itself as an ever more burning demand as years go by and time flows."

From the very day the country was divided due to the occupation of south Korea by the US imperialists and their aggressive policy, our Party and government which bear heavy responsibility for the destinies of the country and the people, have advanced time and again reasonable and realistic proposals acceptable to anyone for the settlement of the question of reunification and made all sincere efforts for their realization.

In his speech delivered on August 6, 1971 the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung called for conducting a wide range of north-south negotiations. After this well-known, historic speech, the way of dialogue was opened between the north and the south which remained in a state of freeze for a long time and the North-South Joint Statement was made public, its keynote being the three principles of national reunification—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity. This owes to the earnest and sincere efforts of our side.

In accordance with the joint programme of the nation, our people did their utmost for national reunification.

Owing to the "two Koreas" plot of the splittists at home and abroad, however, the principles of national reunification laid down in the North-South Joint Statement have been totally violated and a grave obstacle lies in the way of reunification.

In south Korea frantic "anti-communist" clamours designed to stir up the mistrust and enmity among the fellow countrymen are being raised by the south Korean rulers who try to stay in power for ever, availing themselves of the splittist machinations of the foreign aggressive forces.

Today in south Korea "war structure" is being strengthened under the pretext of fictitious "threat of southward invasion" and the whole land of south Korea has been reduced to a nuclear base in the full sense of the term and the people are tormented by the war racket.

In south Korea, repressive setups are strengthened, roundups and political trials go on, patriotic democratic forces are subjected to harsh fascist repression and countless people calling for the democratization of society and national reunification are being imprisoned and killed constantly.

Developments in south Korea show that if things are left to take their own course, the national split will last indefinitely and the country may be thrown into the holocaust of war again.

We cannot remain an onlooker to this grave situation. It is us Korean people who will suffer hardships caused by the prolonged division and it is also us Korean nation who will sustain damages in case of war.

That is why all the people who love the country and the nation demand the prevention of the split and the achievement of reunification more urgently than ever before.

The proposals presented by the recent joint meeting of political parties and public organizations fully accord with the pressing demand of the country and the people.

Particularly, the proposal for realizing a great alliance between the socialist forces in the north and the patriotic democratic forces in the south is meant to greatly expedite and firmly guarantee the realization of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, and it is, furthermore, a new epochal, practical step to solve the domestic affairs of the nation by the Koreans themselves.

As taught by the great leader, reunification of the country is for the interests of the whole nation and it is a task involving the whole nation that can be accomplished only when it pools its strength and strives in firm unity.

Both the socialist forces in the north and the patriotic democratic forces in the south have vital interests in the country's reunification which affects the destiny of the nation, and in solving this problem no contradiction can exist between the two and both sides can ally with each other.

To ease the tension and remove the danger of a nuclear war in Korea is the prerequisite for the peaceful solution of the reunification question.

As long as the tension between the north and the south persists and the danger of a nuclear war is not removed, no peace can be secured in this land, nor can a new phase be opened for peaceful reunification.

The south Korean authorities are talking about "non-aggression pact". The alleged "non-aggression pact" is nothing but a plot to judicially ratify the national division.

What is needed for our people to realize the country's reunification is not a "non-aggression pact" which presupposes the split but practical measures for terminating the state of military confrontation between the north and the south, relaxing the tension, obviating the

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The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG's Immortal Classic Works Published in Foreign Languages

The immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung were translated and issued in different foreign languages by the Foreign Languages Publishing House of the DPRK.

The second edition of **"Kim Il Sung: Selected Works"**, an encyclopedia for revolution and construction, was brought out—the first volume in Russian, Chinese, English, French, Spanish and Arabic, the second and third volumes in Chinese, English, French and Spanish, the fourth volume in Russian, English, French and Spanish and the fifth volume in English, French, Spanish and Arabic.

Collections dealing with the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's immortal classic works were put out—the first volume of the collection **"On Juche in Our Revolution"** in Chinese and Spanish and its second volume in Russian, Chinese, English, French and Japanese, the collection **"For the Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Country"** in Russian, English, Spanish and Arabic, the collection **"The Youth Must Take Over the Revolution and Carry It Forward"** in English, French, Spanish and Japanese, the collection **"For Correct Management of the Socialist Agriculture in Our Country"** in Russian and Japanese and the collection **"The Non-Alignment Movement Is a Mighty Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Force of Our Times"** in English, French, Spanish and Arabic.

The pamphlets of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's immortal classic works **"Talk with the Managing Editor of the Japanese Politico-Theoretical Magazine 'Sekai'"**, **"Talk with Journalists of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan"**, **"Answers to the Questions Put by the Foreign Editor of the Yugoslav News Agency Tanjug"** and **"On Further Developing the Nursing and Upbringing of Children"** were printed in Russian, Chinese, English, French, Spanish, German and Arabic, **"The Tasks of Communists in the Strengthening and Developing of the Anti-Japanese National-Liberation Struggle"**, **"On the Occasion of Founding the Anti-Japanese People's Guerrilla Army"**, **"To Spread and Develop the Armed Struggle into the Homeland"**, **"On Progressive Democracy"**, **"On the Question of the National United Front"**, **"On Preparing for the Great Event of National Liberation"** in Russian, Chinese, English, Spanish, Japanese and Arabic.

Carried with due respect in the books are portraits of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung were put out in different languages by the Foreign Languages Publishing House of the DPRK

Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Premier of DPRK Administration Council, Pays a Friendship Visit to Soviet Union

Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid a friendship visit to the Soviet Union from January 24 to 26 at the invitation of the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Comrade Pak Sung Chul arrived in Moscow on January 24 by special plane.

The Bnukov airport was bedecked with the flags of our country and the Soviet Union.

He was greeted at the airport by A.N. Kosygin, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR; K.T. Mazurov, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the CPSU and First Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR; K.F. Katushev, Secretary of the CC of the CPSU; N.K. Baibakov and I.T. Novikov, Vice-Chairmen of the Council of Ministers of the USSR; Ministers of the Cabinet; officials; and representatives of the working people in Moscow.

Also present at the airport were the DPRK ambassador to the Soviet Union and staff members of the DPRK Embassay in Moscow.

A welcoming ceremony was held at the airport.

The Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of the Soviet Union were played.

Comrade Pak Sung Chul, in company with Comrade Kosygin, reviewed a guard of honour and responded to the enthusiastic cheers of the masses.

Comrade Pak Sung Chul, together with Comrade Kosygin, left the airport, heading for the guest house.

The route leading from the airport to the guest house was long. Hanging across the streets were the flags of our country and the Soviet Union and streamers bearing the words written in Korean and Russian: "Long live the unbreakable fraternal friendship and unity between the Soviet and Korean peoples!" and "Firm support to the just struggle of the Korean people for the peaceful and democratic reunification of the country!"

Bidding Comrade Pak Sung Chul a hearty welcome on his visit to the Soviet Union, the Soviet people expressed the hope that his visit would contribute to further consolidating the traditional friendly relations between Korea and the Soviet Union.

Comrade L.I. Brezhnev, Genenal Secretary of the CC of the CPSU, on January 26 met Comrade Pak Sung Chul who was on a goodwill visit to the Soviet Union.

At the talks views were exchanged on the question of further developing the friendly and cooperative relations between Korea and the Soviet Union and on a series of international problems.

Comrade L.I. Brezhnev stressed that the Soviet Union has consistently supported the efforts of the DPRK for reunifying the country peacefully on a democratic basis in conformity with the desire of the Korean people.

The attendants at the talks expressed the conviction that it accords with the fundamental interests of the peoples of the two countries to strengthen the bonds between the two Parties and develop the friendly and cooperative relations between Korea and the Soviet Union on the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

The talks proceeded in a warm and cordial atmosphere.

Earlier, talks were held between Comrade Pak Sung Chul and Comrade A.N. Kosygin in a friendly atmosphere.

At the talks the two sides informed each other of the successes of the DPRK and the Soviet Union in the social and economic spheres and the implementation of the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the WPK and the 25th Congress of the CPSU and discussed measures to expand and intensify the economic and trade relations between the two countries.

Both sides also exchanged views on bilateral questions and international questions of mutual concern.

Present at the talks on the Korean side were Kye Ung Tae, Vice-Premier of the DPRK Administration Council and Minister of Foreign Trade; Kim Chol Man, First Deputy Chief of the General Staff of the Korean People's Army; Chon In Chol, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs; Li Gi Son, Vice-Minister of External Economic Affairs; and Kim Jae Bong, Ambassador of the DPRK to the Soviet Union. Present on the Soviet side were N.K. Baibakov, Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR and Chairman of the State Planning Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR; S.A. Skachkov, Chairman of the State Foreign Economic Relations Committee of the Council of Ministers of the USSR; V.V. Kuznetsov, First Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs; M.R. Kuzimin, First Deputy Minister of Foreign Trade; and G.A. Kriulin, Soviet Ambassador to the DPRK.

Both sides firmly believed that the talks would be conducive to further developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

The Soviet government on January 25 gave a luncheon at the grand Kremlin Palace in Moscow in honour of Comrade Pak Sung Chul. Comrade Pak Sung Chul arranged a luncheon at the guest house on Lenin hill in Moscow on January 26 in connection with his visit to the Soviet Union.

At the luncheons Comrade Pak Sung Chul and Comrade A.N. Kosygin made speeches.

The luncheons proceeded in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On January 26 an information on the result of the visit of the Premier of the DPRK Administration Council to the Soviet Union was made public.

(KCNA)

Lahore, Pakistan, "Coordination Committee of Groups for the Study of the Juche Idea" Renamed "Committee for the Study of Kimilsungism" at Grand Meeting

A meeting was held with a large attendance in Lahore, Pakistan, some time ago for renaming the Lahore, Pakistan, "Coordination Committee of Groups for the Study of the Juche Idea" "Committee for the Study of Kimilsungism," according to a report.

A portrait of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall.

Hanging on walls of the hall were the slogans "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Support to Korea's reunification!"

The meeting was attended by Mohammad Aslam Naghi, Chairman of the "Coordination Committee of Groups for the Study of the Juche Idea," and members of the committee, leading figures and members of the study groups under the committee, Sher Mohammad Bahti, Chairman of the Lahore Regional Committee of the Pakistan People's Party, Member of the Panjab Provincial Assembly and Chairman of the Pakistan Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification, and large number of personages of different political parties and social organizations, and men of the academic, legal and press circles.

A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was unanimously adopted with warm applause of the attendants at the meeting.

Mohammad Aslam Naghi was the first to take the floor. He said:

Today many countries of the world espouse the Juche idea and study it.

Kimilsungism is the motive power of the present era and a mighty idea that enables us to defeat imperialism once and for all. Therefore, it is natural that we develop our organization, renaming it "Committee for the Study of Kimilsungism".

The next speaker was Sher Mohammad Bahti, who said:

The guiding idea of the present era is the Juche idea of the great leader President Kim Il Sung. To the great Juche idea Korea owes her conversion into a self-sufficing socialist industrial state, a model country for the world.

We should make a deeper study of the great Juche idea of great President Kim Il Sung and develop our society by applying it to Pakistan.

The attendants adopted a resolution with a stormy applause.

(KCNA)

Korean Delegations Visit Foreign State Leaders

Our Government Delegation Calls on Senegalese President

The government delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Dam on a visit to the Republic of Senegal called on Senegalese President Leopold Sedar Senghor on January 21, according to a report.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter from the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the President.

After inquiring after the health of the great leader, the President said that he wished once again the great leader President Kim Il Sung good health and a long life and happiness on the occasion of the New Year.

The President expressed deep thanks to the great leader for personally sending the delegation together with the cordial personal letter.

"I always remember the excellent impression I got from my meeting with President Kim Il Sung, a great person, which is always cherished in my memory," the President stressed.

Declaring his support to the five-point policy of national reunification, he said he would like to reassure the great leader President Kim Il Sung that Senegal would continue to actively support the Korean people in the future in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Senegal will strive to develop her relations with Korea, he stressed.

Vice-Premier and Concurrently Foreign Minister of DPRK Administration Council Pays a Visit to Nigerian Head of State

Comrade Ho Dam, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Foreign Minister of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on a visit to Nigeria called on Olusegun Obasanjo, Head of State of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, on January 23, according to a report.

Present on the occasion were the entourage of the Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister and the Charge d'Affaires ad interim of our embassy in Lagos. Joseph Garba, Commissioner for External Affairs of Nigeria, was also present.

The Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister courteously conveyed a personal letter from the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the Head of State of Nigeria.

Expressing deep thanks for the personal letter of the great leader His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the Head of State of Nigeria asked the Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister to convey his warmest greetings to His Excellency President.

He, on behalf of his government and people and the attendants of the Second World Festival of Culture and Art of Black People and Africans, expressed thanks to the great leader His Excellency President Kim Il Sung for having personally sent the Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister to Nigeria. He went on to say:

We are following with deep interest and admiration the just struggle waged by the Government and people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea under the wise leadership of the great leader His Excellency President Kim Il Sung.

In the belief that the DPRK is pursuing a just policy and maintaining a correct stand, the Nigerian government has developed friendly relations with it and will further strengthen and develop these relations also in the days to come.

He declared that Nigeria would continue to support in the future, as in the past, the righteous struggle of the Korean people in the United Nations and other international forums.

The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

Our Government Delegation Visits Ugandan President

The government delegation of our country headed by Li Chang Son on a visit to Uganda called on Idi Amin Dada, President of Uganda, on January 24, according to a report.

Present on the occasion were the DPRK ambassador to Uganda and the Foreign Minister of Uganda.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed the friendly greetings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the President.

Expressing deep thanks for the friendly greetings of the respected and beloved leader, the Ugandan President said:

We are satisfied with the daily strengthening and developing relations of friendship and cooperation between the Ugandan and Korean peoples.

Korean experts including the mass gymnastic display delegation sent by the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung have sincerely assisted us in Uganda. We are grateful for this and express deep thanks to President Kim Il Sung.

My stand against imperialism and colonialism remains unchanged.

The US troops must be driven out of south Korea. The Korean question must be settled by the Korean people themselves and we fully support this.

The United States is sustaining defeats in Korea and Southeast Asia. We strongly demand a prompt end to the US imperialists' interference in the internal affairs of Korea.

I ask you to convey this to the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung.

WPK Delegation Calls on Syrian President

Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Vice-Premier of the Administration Council of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, who was heading a Party delegation of our country on a visit to Syria, paid a call on Hafez Al Assad, President of the Syrian Arab Republic, on January 25, according to a report from Damascus.

Present on the occasion were the ambassador of our country to Syria and Fawaz Sayag, Member of the National Leadership of the Arab Socialist Baath Party and Minister of External Affairs.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed regards and words of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the President.

Expressing deep thanks for the cordial regards and words of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the President said:

We will bend all efforts for the continued strengthening and development of the friendly relations between the two countries.

We will stand firm on your side.

We will support the reunification of Korea, join you in the struggle for forcing the US troops to withdraw from south Korea and fight against the south Korean authorities.

We will cooperate with you with all efforts, availing ourselves of every opportunity, in all fields.

"I wish the great leader Comrade President Kim Il Sung good health and a long life for greater progress and success of the Korean people," said the President. He asked the head of the delegation to convey his cordial regards to the great leader President Kim Il Sung.

The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

DPRK Military Delegation Makes a Call on Pakistani Prime Minister

The military delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Comrade General O Jin U, Chief of the General Staff of the Korean People's Army, on a visit to Pakistan called on Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, Prime Minister of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, on January 28, according to a report.

Present on the occasion were the DPRK ambassador to Pakistan and Mohammad Jia Oul Hakh, Army Chief of Staff of Pakistan.

The head of the military delegation courteously conveyed the personal letter and cordial greetings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the Prime Minister of Pakistan.

The Prime Minister asked the head of the delegation: "How is the respected His Excellency Mr. President Kim Il Sung?" He expressed profound thanks for the personal letter and cordial greetings of the great leader.

The Prime Minister asked the head of military delegation to convey his sincere regards to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. (KCNA)

(Continued from Page 1)

danger of a nuclear war and removing the obstacles to the country's reunification.

First of all, the nuclear base in south Korea should be dismantled, all weapons of mass destruction including nuclear ones be immediately shipped out and the US troops be unconditionally withdrawn.

This the world's peace-loving people as well as the Korean people want in unison at the present stage. Even Americans themselves are advocating this today.

And a step should be taken to drastically reduce the armed forces of the north and the south and cut military expenditures.

The recent meeting newly proposed to urge the military authorities concerned to open a disarmament talk for making the US troops withdraw, discontinuing the reinforcement of armed forces and arms race, reducing the strength of armies and armaments and putting a stop to the shipment of arms from abroad. Only when this proposal is put into effect, can peace be maintained and consolidated and a peaceful phase in the solution of the reunification question be opened.

To root out the cause of national discord and create the climate of great national unity is indispensable to the realization of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

To this end, the fascist and divisive regime in south Korea which creates discords and hampers unity should be liquidated, the freedom of speech, the press, assembly, association and demonstration be ensured, the illegally arrested and imprisoned patriotic people and democratic personages be released, the anti-"communist" policies be revoked, slanders and calumnies against the other side be discontinued and many-sided economic collaboration between the north and the south be realized.

To have all these problems solved, the meeting proposed to convene a north-south political consultative conference to be represented by the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in the north and the south.

The convocation of the north-south political consultative conference is the most realistic way of enabling the reunification question to be settled in accordance with the will and interests of our people by discussing and solving the problems to accelerate the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, including the fair and reasonable proposals of ours.

If the present south Korean authorities have the intention to sit again face to face with us, they should withdraw the "two Koreas" policy, renounce "anti-communism", stop suppressing the patriotic people and democratic figures and give up the war policy.

Without adopting fundamental measures for peace in Korea and the peaceful reunification of the country put forward by us this time, no "negotiation" or "pact" will have any value.

We believe that all the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in south Korea and the overseas compatriots will actively respond to our patriotic proposal and all the progressive peoples the world over will resolutely support the four-point proposal and express even greater solidarity for the struggle of our people for national reunification.

No one can break the will of our people to realize the reunification and no force can block the advance of our people striving to achieve the national cause.

Victory and Glory Always Belong to the Heroic KPA

Hwang Chol San, KPA Lieutenant General

Our people and the officers and men of the People's Army are looking forward to the significant 29th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army at a stirring time when the entire nation, wholeheartedly upholding the New Year Address of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung for 1977, is bringing about a great upswing in production from the outset of the year.

In the past 29 years since the proclamation of its founding on February 8, 1948, the Korean People's Army has traversed a militant path resplendent with victory and glory as indicated by the great leader, weathering through the raging storm of revolution.

This historic course of the KPA is a proud history in which it has creditably put into practice the military line for self-defence and the unique policy for building of revolutionary armed forces—an embodiment of the immortal Juche idea—under the wise guidance of the great leader and a glorious course in which it has rendered devoted services to the great leader.

Our People's Army grew from deep and stout roots—the glorious revolutionary traditions established by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the years of the anti-Japanese armed struggle—and has carried forward these traditions successfully.

On the basis of a scientific analysis of the demand of the development of our revolution and the experiences gained in the revolutionary war, the great leader set forth an original policy of building revolutionary armed forces and founded the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, the first Juche-type revolutionary armed detachment of the Korean people, and built up the glorious tradition in the construction of revolutionary armed forces.

Basing himself on the tradition established in building the revolutionary armed forces in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the great leader founded after liberation the Korean People's Army, the revolutionary armed forces of our Party, composed of fine sons and daughters of the Korean people including the workers and peasants, with anti-Japanese fighters as its backbone.

With the birth of the KPA, an army of the Party, an army of the working class and a glorious army of Comrade Kim Il Sung, our people became the people of a legitimate independent and sovereign state possessed of its regular armed forces capable of defending the honour of the country and the dignity of the nation and were able to push forward more energetically the revolutionary cause of Juche initiated by the great leader.

The great leader has given constant guidance in and shown paternal concern for strengthening and developing the People's Army, which he founded in person, into invincible revolutionary armed forces of our Party and intelligently steered it towards victory and glory at all times in the midst of arduous and complex revolutionary struggle.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"Through its heroic, self-sacrificing struggle, the People's Army has acquitted itself well of the revolutionary tasks it assumed before our homeland and people and has added many a brilliant success to the revolutionary history of our Party, a history which provides a shining example for generations to come."

Under the clear-sighted guidance of the great leader the KPA members have loyally accomplished feats at every step in the past 29 years, cherishing the infinite honour and pride of being his revolutionary soldiers.

In the days of the post-liberation peaceful construction, the Korean People's Army, smashing to atoms all the military provocations and subversive activities and sabotages of the US imperialists and their lackeys, creditably defended the creative labour of our people for the building of a new country and firmly safeguarded the revolutionary democratic base of the northern half of the Republic.

During the grim Fatherland Liberation War deciding the fate of the country, the officers and men of our People's Army, in hearty response to the militant call of the great leader "Every Effort for Victory in the War!", displayed without reserve matchless gallantry and mass heroism in all battles and fought with a do-or-die spirit, ready to sacrifice their youth and lives for the sake of the Party and the revolution and in the interests of the country and the people, for the whole duration of the war. Thus they defeated the US imperialists who had boasted of being the "strongest" in the world, and won a great victory which would shine long in the annals of our fatherland.

Our people's victory in the Fatherland Liberation War was a splendid victory of the great leader's unique military thought of self-defence, superb strategy and tactics and brilliant art of leadership and a vivid demonstration of the indestructible political and ideological unity and revolutionary cohesion of our people and the People's Army fighters closely rallied as one around the great leader.

It clearly showed that invincible is the might of a people who, under the leadership of a great leader, have risen for their country's freedom and independence, taking their destiny firmly into their own hands, and that the imperialist aggressors will get nothing but a bitter, crushing defeat and death.

Our victory was a great historic event which took place in our time when the masses of the people have appeared as the masters of the world and it was a revolutionary event which marked the beginning of a downhill turn for the US imperialists, the ringleader of imperialism, and opened up an era of fresh upsurge in the anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle.

In the postwar days, too, our People's Army, shattering the enemy's reckless aggressive manoeuvres and military provocations at every step, reliably defended the revolutionary cause of our people for the socialist revolution and socialist construction.

In the course of successfully implementing our Party's military line of self-defence advanced by the great leader, the line whose main contents are to train our army into a cadre army, modernize it, arm the entire people and turn the whole land into a fortress, our People's Army has grown and strengthened into a one-beats-a-hundred modernized army of cadres further seasoned and tempered, into invincible revolutionary armed forces fighting to the end for the triumph of the revolutionary cause of Juche started by the great leader, and the whole country has been converted into an impregnable fortress.

Today the monolithic ideological system of the Party has been fully established in our People's Army.

All officers and men fervently love their socialist fatherland and burn with towering hatred towards the class enemies. Comradeship between officers and men, voluntary discipline and the traditional trait of unity between army and people are prevalent throughout the ranks of the People's Army.

Our People's Army has been fully prepared not only politically and ideologically but also in military technique as required by the great leader's military thought of self-defence.

All the commanding officers are possessed of the commanding ability and art of leadership enough to skillfully put into effect Juche-based tactics created by the great leader. All the armymen are proficient in handling various types of weapons and military and technical equipment and have become able to creditably carry out their combat tasks even under the complicated battle situation of modern warfare.

Along with the further strengthening of the People's Army, the nation's defences as a whole have been fortified as impregnably as an iron wall.

It is thanks to the pre-eminent and tested leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and legendary hero, that the Korean People's Army has grown into invincible revolutionary armed forces and our country has turned into a powerful state of self-defence.

Today the tension in our country has been brought to the extreme pitch and the danger of war has become a realistic problem staring us in the face, owing to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are in a frenzy to make their "two Koreas" policy a success, availing themselves of the "two Koreas" plot of their US and Japanese masters and seeking north-south confrontation and split.

Under the pretext of the "threat of southward invasion" "war structure" has been rapidly strengthened, the army strength and military expenditure have remarkably increased and military establishments have been expanded everywhere and military provocations and war exercises are being staged every day in south Korea.

Today when even Americans are raising higher their voices demanding that the atomic nuclear weapons should be withdrawn and the US troops be pulled out of south Korea, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, begging for the protection of the US nuclear umbrella, are committing without hesitation criminal acts for barring the pullback of nuclear weapons and of the US troops, putting it up as the main point of their so-called "diplomatic policy" to keep in south Korea the atomic nuclear weapons and to see the US troops remain there.

Moreover, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are trying to drag even the Japanese aggressive armed forces into their war clamours by perfecting the "system of tripartite military alliance" with the US, Japan and the south Korean puppets under the name of "security consultative body".

It is entirely due to the zealous encouragement of the successive administrations of the United States that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are pursuing ever more openly the "two Koreas" policy and the policy of war and fascism.

The war-like circles of the United States who have instigated the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to confrontation and division, clinging to the "two Koreas" policy in an effort to keep south Korea in their clutches as their colony and military base forever, have in recent years offered thousands of millions of dollars of military "aid" and systematically transferred large quantities of modern lethal weapons to south Korea, proclaimed south Korea their "forward defence zone" and turned it into a nuclear base and they openly declare that they will not hesitate in the use of nuclear weapons.

These days when the argument for the withdrawal of the US troops is gaining ground even among the US rulers, the Japanese authorities who are zealously goading the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique into confrontation and split are going round Pacific nations and instigating them to oppose the pullout of the US troops, twanging the harp of "power balance", thus practically taking a hand in fostering permanent split and aggravating tension in Korea.

So long as the US occupation troops are present in south Korea and nuclear weapons are deployed as ever there and so long as the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are helplessly gripped in a crisis deport themselves rashly, we can not predict when a war will break out in our country and how.

To cope with the prevailing situation, our people and officers and men of the People's Army are closely watching every move of the enemies with heightened revolutionary vigilance and making full preparations, keeping themselves on the alert with unrelaxing attitude.

Our people's struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification are now winning more positive support and sympathy from the world's people and the international solidarity for our revolution is being strengthened day by day.

The enemies must face the general trend of events squarely.

The aggressors who try to conquer another nation cannot go scot-free and the stooges who rely on the outside forces cannot pass off without mischance.

The destiny of the south Korean puppet clique who bid defiance to the aspiration of the nation and the demand of the times will not be an exception and they will surely meet a disgraceful end.

As demanded unanimously by all the Korean people and the world peace-loving people, the United States must quit south Korea unconditionally, taking along all its aggressive armed forces. The Japanese reactionaries must act discreetly. They must know clearly that even though they egg on the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique now on the verge of downfall and partake in their war manoeuvres, it will not be beneficial to them on any account.

Victory and glory are always in store for our people and the heroic Korean People's Army who are striving hard to hasten the country's independent and peaceful reunification and accomplish the revolutionary cause of Juche, rallied close around the great leader and the glorious Party.

We Should Learn from the Greatness of President KIM IL SUNG and the Greatness of Juche Philosophy Founded by Him

Secretary General of Italian International Relations Institute and Secretary General of Institute of New International Economic Order Interviewed by Home Reporters

Prof. and Dr. Giancarlo Elia Valori, Secretary General of the Italian International Relations Institute and Secretary General of the Institute of New International Economic Order, paid a visit to our country in January. During his stay he gave a lecture before teachers and students of Kim Il Sung University, had a round-table conversation with our social scientists and gave an interview to reporters.

At the press interview he passionately spoke of the honour he had by receiving precious teachings from the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung when he was granted an audience by the great leader whom he reveres from the bottom of his heart and of the greatness of the Juche idea founded by the respected and beloved leader.

President KIM IL SUNG Is the Great Leader Who Carries Boundlessly Tender Personal Appearance and Possesses Broad-minded Magnanimity

Giancarlo Elia Valori said it was honourable for him to be received again by the great leader during his third visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

He remarked:

So busy as he was, the respected and beloved, great leader President Kim Il Sung took off his precious time to offer us the privilege of meeting with us in person.

I will remember forever the day of January 9 when the great leader granted me an audience.

Permit me to convey to the great leader my mother's best wishes and extend him my warmest greetings for the New Year 1977 which will witness the celebrations of his 65th birthday. I sincerely hope that President Kim Il Sung may enjoy good health and a long life.

My earnest wish is that the year 1977 will be a year of victory in the revolution as indicated by Juche philosophy and in the struggle of the Korean people for national reunification.

Noting that he was received by the great leader for the third time and got deep impressions which he would never forget throughout his life, Giancarlo Elia Valori said:

The great leader President Kim Il Sung is possessed of flawless revolutionary traits which are not found in anyone else.

The leader is an unworldly-minded person who has very kind, tender, simple and modest traits.

The great President is a wise and tested statesman and an artist of leadership.

The great leader President Kim Il Sung is my father.

He is unassuming and has warm love for mankind.

This is the loftiest love for humanity that no one has had yet.

So noble personality of the President and his boundlessly tender and generous virtues come from his great idea valuing man most in the world.

As the sun throws rays to all living things, so the President gives bright faces full of happiness and worthy life to all people.

I met heads of state of various countries.

A meeting with heads of state requires going through formalities. It can be said that such etiquette assumes an official character in most cases.

But when one is honoured to have a chance of seeing President Kim Il Sung one would be left spellbound by his noble personality and feel an impulse to tell him everything, as though meeting father after long separation.

I found in President Kim Il Sung the virtues of a true-hearted man and an artist of leadership.

He asks me in detail about my family, about every facet of my home life.

The President repeatedly inquired after the health of my beloved mother.

It is hard to find another great leader in the world who is possessed of such gracious human love as President Kim Il Sung.

President Kim Il Sung is the only leader without an equal in the world.

What I admired deeply when I was met by him was his optimism.

At the time of my first meeting with the great leader, he said that a fine revolutionary should be a superb optimist.

I thought exactly so. As told by the President, I strive to live and work with optimism.

As the President has a true and warm affection for humanity we look up to him as father, as the leader in high esteem and express utmost respect and reverence for the President.

Indeed, President Kim Il Sung is the great leader who carries boundlessly tender personal appearance and possesses infinitely broad-minded magnanimity.

The people should learn from the greatness of President Kim Il Sung.

Juche Philosophy Is a Great Thought Which Raised Man's Position to the Highest Plane in Nature, Society and History

Giancarlo Elia Valori pointed out that in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea the people have placed the country on a world level in a short span of time by brilliantly embodying the Juche idea in all fields.

He went on to say:

It is President Kim Il Sung who converted the DPRK into a prosperous country admired by the peoples of the world.

In his report to the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea, the great leader President Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The Juche idea is based on a philosophical theory that man is master of everything and decides everything. By scientifically enunciating the position and role of man in the world, the Juche idea provides one with the most correct outlook on nature and society and with a powerful weapon to cognize and transform the world. The Juche idea clarifies the laws of social development and inspires the working masses strongly to the revolutionary struggle for an independent and creative life.

"The Juche idea is a revolutionary theory evolved with the working masses as the central factor, and it is a revolutionary strategy and tactics based on their role."

The Juche philosophy which attaches the greatest importance to man in all things and puts everything in the service of man is a great thought which raised man's position to the highest plane in nature, society and history. The Juche philosophy is permeated with the most genuine and ardent love for man, the most precious being in the world, and imbued with a lofty revolutionary spirit to dedicate everything to the interests of human beings, the interests of the people.

President Kim Il Sung possesses the noble idea and lofty virtue of loving the people truly and embracing them so warmly, because he considers that the working masses with inexhaustible strength and resourcefulness, precisely, the human beings engaged in labour, are the most precious being.

By founding Juche philosophy, President Kim Il Sung enabled all the nations of the world to build a new society where human dignity is not despised and strive for a fine future.

Juche philosophy, the kernel of Kimilsungism, ensures freedom and democracy to all members of society to the utmost and indicates ways for fully enjoying this freedom and democracy.

A new historical era opened with the founding of great Juche philosophy by the President, Giancarlo Elia Valori said, and went on:

The peoples of many countries in Asia, Africa and Latin America have not yet become the genuine masters of their resources.

By founding Juche philosophy, the great leader paved the way for the peoples of these countries to become the genuine masters of all their wealth.

Juche philosophy is a great thought which the peoples of the whole world, the peoples of the third world countries should and must take as the guiding compass.

With the founding of Juche philosophy by the great leader, mankind came to have such a great idea and became able to traverse the path of resurrection.

For an effective progress and development, Juche philosophy must be studied also in Europe which has a long history.

Immeasurably great are the feats of President Kim Il Sung in founding Juche philosophy and embodying it in the reality of Korea.

We Europeans should learn from the greatness of Juche philosophy.

To propagate Juche philosophy diverse functions such as lecture and seminar should be organized in Europe.

Referring to the growing voices of the world's people and the peoples of the third world countries demanding independence today, Giancarlo Elia Valori observed:

As taught by the great leader President Kim Il Sung, the present age is an age of independence. In other words, it is an era of transformations.

Nowadays the Asian, African and Latin American peoples are fighting for their rights and independence.

In the case of the countries belonging to the new-emerging forces, their call for independence is all the more urgent.

From the viewpoint of the Juche philosophy of President Kim Il Sung, a new international economic order should be established and a political change brought about.

Kimilsungism with Juche philosophy as its kernel is a world-wide trend of thought which is publicly recognized today.

When the peoples of all countries on the globe march forward, holding high the banner of Juche, revolution will emerge victorious.

Do Not Forget That There Is in Italy a Student True to the Teachings of President KIM IL SUNG!

My father and brother were sacrificed in the war against the fascist dictatorship in the past. With hatred for the enemy I clenched my fists but did not know what to do.

In the great Juche philosophy of President Kim Il Sung I found the answer as to what I should do. My mother told me this. It was at that time that I determined to attend the great leader President Kim Il Sung as father and become his faithful soldier.

Hung in place of honour in a cosy room of my home is a portrait of the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung, the great father.

Whenever I look up at the portrait of the great leader with a benign smile on his face, I feel reassured and confident.

I am a soldier faithful to President Kim Il Sung.

My study is stacked with the President's immortal classic works including "Kim Il Sung: Selected Works".

I am endeavouring to study Juche philosophy deeply and extensively.

It gives me much pleasure that an increasing number of friends in Europe are entertaining veneration for President Kim Il Sung.

I am imparting to my friends and students in Italy and Europe what I have acquired about the greatness of President Kim Il Sung, about the greatness of Juche philosophy.

My mother says all the time that if Europe had so great a person as President Kim Il Sung, the present crisis of Europe would have been removed long ago.

I am working hard to grasp the profound truth of Juche philosophy and striving to do as much work as possible to be helpful to the homeland of Juche, a part of my heart.

Do not forget that there is in Italy a student true to the teachings of the great leader President Kim Il Sung!

Supplying More Coal and Ore to Sites of Huge Socialist Construction

The Mine Pervaded with the Feeling of Loyalty

The Tokhyon Mine is one of the biggest iron ore-producing centres in our country.

Beginning with the New Year news reached us that the mine was effecting great innovations in ore production in response to the great leader's New Year Address. This tempted us to visit the mine.

Upon arriving at the mine we first went to No.1 pit.

Here we were greeted by the chief of the pit, a mining engineer with magnificent physique and filled with youthful vigor.

Touching upon the recent success in his pit in a boastful tone, he said:

"Because we miners are well aware of the importance of the tasks devolved on the field of the mining industry this year, a year of readjustment, we are endeavouring to boost ore output and overfulfilling our daily assignments, set far greater than last year, from the very beginning of the New Year."

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"A major goal of struggle in mining should be to create a reserve of raw materials enough to last the metallurgical industry for more than two months."

Miners were in high spirits. They were all out to carry through the highly important teachings given by the great leader.

When we, guided by the chief of the pit, got to a working face of No. 2 stope, transportation of ore was in full swing. Power shovel was loading the piled ore into 10-ton trucks. The ore was ceaselessly dropping into binlike excavations at a short distance from the face.

Seeing excavators and heavy-duty trucks working freely and efficiently at the pit provided with an atmospheric environment we never thought that we were now in the underground face, more than a hundred metres deep.

In other working face a gigantic self-moving rock drill of percussion type and operated by compressed air was drilling holes. The letters put on the machine tool—the slogan reading "Let's meet the requirements of Juche in ideology, technology and culture"—were symbolic of the mettle of the miners who were dynamically pushing forward the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement.

The machine with many rods working at the ore seam of wider extent more than 10 metres long was drilling holes. Soon the wider seam looked like a honeycomb. The chief of the pit said: "The machine is five times greater in capacity than those in use in the past."

With an impressive tone he said that the respected and beloved leader visited the mine on three occasions, presented an ambitious plan for turning it into a modernly-equipped one, specified the ways and means of boosting the output of ore and then showed great concern for the life of miners.

Acting upon the respected and beloved leader's teaching on carrying on massive rock breaking and massive discharge in mining, the leading personnel and three-revolution team members of the mine strove hard in cooperation and saw to it that technological innovations were undertaken on a mass scale. This resulted in replacing the mining equipment by large ones and greatly improving the structure of the pit.

Referring to the fulfilment of the January plan by January 13, Chong Song Won, leader of the Twice Chollima mining platoon, whom we met at No. 5 stope, said with pride:

"No work is more honourable and worthwhile for us miners than to carry through the respected and beloved leader's teachings with full credit."

This feeling, of course, is not confined to him alone.

Those with whom we had talks—drill operators, electric car drivers, workers at well-furnished medical posts in the pits and workers in the eating rooms—were all bound in infinite loyalty to the great leader.

The modernly-equipped ore-dressing plant where a remote-control system was introduced in primary processes was in full activity. We were told that in recent five years the rate of ore extraction showed an increase of nearly 6 per cent and the sorting to select the richer ore pieces reached the highest level attained by modern ore-dressing plants. This year, while devoting a great deal of attention to increasing the ore-dressing capacity, all efforts will go into raising the grade of the ore by one more per cent. Good result has been achieved in this respect.

Thanks to strenuous labour efforts of miners the daily average output in this mine is now 1.3 times higher than last year.

As we left the ore-dressing plant we saw a train just pulling out with a whistle. We feasted our eyes on the train leaving for an iron and steel plant, loaded with products permeated with the miners' feeling of loyalty.

Li Chan Sun

Miners of the Wondong open-air pit of the November 8 Mine are bringing about innovations in ore production by energetically conducting the "Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement"

Mt. Changan-san in the Thick of Speed Campaign

Mt. Changan-san which rises 600 metres above the sea level has huge reserves of "black gold" or anthracite. Here the Toksong Coal Mine, a promising open mine, is situated.

From the very beginning of the New Year the miners there are putting fresh spurs to the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement under the guidance of leading personnel of the mine and three-revolution team members. This is in response to the New Year Address made by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, which clearly specified the tasks to be fulfilled by our working people this year. Their intensified movement is working new success in coal production.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The coal mines should decisively increase coal output by giving precedence to removal of overburden and basic drift work and effecting technical innovations, and thus fully meet the demand for coal at the steam-power plants and other industrial establishments and in different domains."

Miners of this open-pit coal mine who are infinitely faithful to the great leader's teachings are seething with activity today.

Acting upon the great leader's teaching that giving precedence to removal of overburden in open-cast mining is the basic principle to be observed in the mining industry miners, while directing main efforts to removing the masses of overlying earth in the New Year campaign, are stepping up coal production.

At the earth-moving place is seen the big-lettered slogan "'Speed Campaign', Forward!"

In the slopes of the forest-clad mountain benches are laid out according to a plan. Excavators and heavy-duty trucks are working at top capacity.

Trucks remove the soil and rock piled by explosion. Large drills with ear-splitting roar start placing new blast holes.

Meanwhile, mining operations are in full swing.

In the vast tracts of the surface of the coal seam many excavators are busy in loading the coal into trucks.

A stream of heavy-duty trucks with full load of coal moves to a coal yard.

In recent years coal production has markedly increased in this mine. This success has been achieved thanks to the vigorous political work to raise the zeal of miners for increased production, as required by the policy of speed campaign put forward by the Party, to the wide use of modern mining equipment and to the active introduction of the new method of work.

Miners there who embarked on the new battle for the New Year, taking a pride in the fact that they fulfilled the plan for removing overburden and mining coal, are boosting their daily output over 1.5 times higher than the previous year.

The revolutionary mettle of speed campaign sweeps this open-pit coal mine on Mt. Changan-san where a vigorous struggle is afoot to produce more coal and fully meet the growing demand for coal.

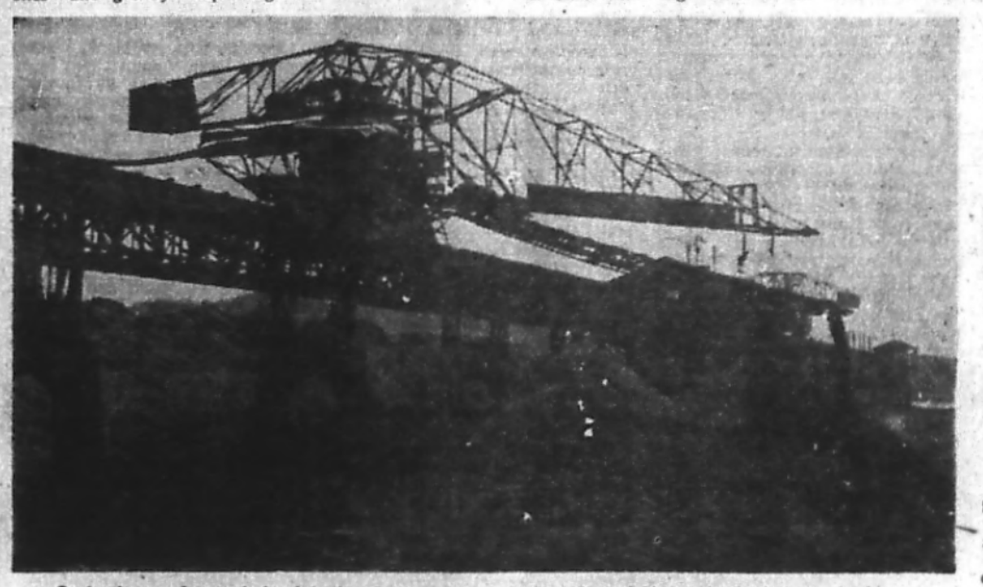
Li Song Bok, chief operator of No. 2 excavator and platoon leader, says:

"We are working hard to increase coal production out of sheer desire to please the great leader."

Of course, this feeling is shared by all miners there who are determined to fulfil splendidly the tasks presented by the great leader in his New Year Address and again make a report of victors to him as a token of loyalty.

It is delightful to see the miners driving the revolutionary speed campaign forward to fulfil their yearly plan, set 1.3 times higher than the previous year, before October 10, the birthday of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Kim In Gyu



Coal miners who work hard in hearty response to the New Year Address of the fatherly leader are making a great leap forward in production

Saitama Prefectural People's Committee for Supporting Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea Formed in Japan

According to a KNS report from Tokyo, the Saitama Prefectural People's Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea was formed on January 19 on the initiative of noted personages in Saitama Prefecture, Japan.

The meeting was sponsored by Mori Katsuji, Socialist member of the House of Councillors; Kokubo Taro, Chairman of the Saitama Prefectural Assemblymen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship; Hata Meiyu, Mayor of Oomiya; Oshita Takeo, Chairman of the Saitama Prefectural Headquarters of the Japan Socialist Party; Umene Satoru, President of the Wako University; and other noted figures of political, academic, judicial and trade union circles, 20 in all. The Chairman of the Saitama Prefectural Headquarters of the Japan Socialist Party spoke first at the meeting.

Organizations supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea were formed in Tokyo and Osaka last year and a similar movement is brisk in Kyoto, Kanagawa, Shiga and other local areas, he said, and stressed: The reunification of Korea is a very important problem for peace in Asia and Japan, too.

So far resolutions on the Korean question have been adopted in 63 cities, towns and villages of Saitama Prefecture and the withdrawal of the US troops occupying south Korea and Korea's reunification are a matter of concern for the entire population of Saitama Prefecture, he declared.

At the meeting the attendants exchanged their views with animation. **(KCNA)**

Anthracite: "Black Gold"

Anthracite called "black gold" is found in abundance in our country.

Most of the total coal reserves is anthracite.

Our anthracite is of extra superior quality. Its carbon content is very much and its calorific value is 5,000-8,000 kilocalories. Its volatile ingredient is less than 7 per cent. It contains special microelement. So anthracite is regarded as one of the valuable natural resources.

Now in our country good anthracite is being extracted on a large scale and used effectively as fuel and raw material for industry.

In accordance with the ten major goals of economic construction, 100 million tons of coal will be produced in our country in the next long-term plan period and a considerable proportion be held by anthracite.

Kim Su Yon

DANGER OF PERMANENT NATIONAL SPLIT AND WAR IN KOREA MUST BE REMOVED AND KOREA BE REUNIFIED INDEPENDENTLY AND PEACEFULLY WITHOUT FAIL

Warm Support for New National Salvation Proposal Advanced at Joint Meeting of Political Parties and Public Organizations Held in Pyongyang

Foreign Newspapers, News Agencies, Radios and TVs Widely Report

Newspapers, news agencies, radios and TV of many countries are giving wide publicity to the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of our country held in Pyongyang on January 25.

Among them are Chinese paper "Renmin Ribao", the Hsinhua News Agency and Radio Peking, the Tass and paper "Pravda" of the Soviet Union, Romanian paper "Scinteia" and Agerpres, Polish paper "Trybuna Ludu" and the PAP, Nepalese paper "Rising Nepal", Radio of Democratic Cambodia, TV of Iran, Japanese papers "Asahi Shimbun", "Yomiuri Shimbun" and "Mainichi Shimbun".

They reported about the joint meeting under the headlines "Document Pertaining to the Acceleration of Peaceful Reunification", "A New Initiative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the Country's Peaceful Reunification" and so forth.

Pointing to the letter adopted at the joint meeting, they touched upon its main contents: for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country firstly, a great alliance of the socialist forces of the north and the patriotic, democratic forces of the south must be realized; secondly, the tension between the north and the south must be eased and the danger of a nuclear war removed; thirdly, the source of discord within the nation must be eliminated and an atmosphere of great national unity be created; fourthly, a north-south political consultative conference must be convened to have consultation about all the above-mentioned questions.

(KCNA)

Personages of Various Strata in Japan Make Statements

The just and fair national salvation proposal which was advanced at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of our country held in Pyongyang on January 25 to prevent a permanent split of the nation, remove the danger of war and accelerate the independent and peaceful reunification of the country by the united strength of the north and the south is calling forth a widespread response among the personages of various strata in Japan.

Kuno Chuji, Chairman of the Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship, who is Liberal Democratic member of the House of Representatives and ex-Minister of Postal Service of Japan, said:

I felt violent emotion reading again and again the letter to the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in south Korea and compatriots overseas which was adopted at the recent joint meeting of political parties and public organizations.

Saying that the grand-children and great-grand-children must not be made to suffer the distress of territorial division and national split, he went on:

My hope is that the south Korean political parties and public organizations and authorities will resume the north-south dialogue and discuss the reunification question.

I hold that a north-south political consultative conference to be represented by the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in the north and the south should be convened and especially the US troops must be withdrawn from south Korea and all the armaments including nuclear weapons shipped out of there.

Describing the maintenance of nuclear-free principle by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as an admirable position, he stressed:

If nuclear weapons were used, not only the Korean people but also the Japanese people and, moreover, the Asian people and whole mankind would suffer damages. Therefore, it is our duty to get the nuclear weapons shipped out of south Korea and build a peaceful Asia.

I hope that the political parties and public organizations of all countries will support the letter adopted at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations and the south Korean authorities will reflect on their deeds and have the US troops withdrawn and the nuclear weapons taken away.

In his statement Iwai Akira, Director of the Japanese Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea, said that the four-point proposal for reunification advanced by the DPRK side is a most aboveboard and realistic one. He emphasized:

If this save-the-nation proposal is put into effect, though there are differences in ideology and political views between the north and the south, the reunification of Korea will be hastened.

When I visited Korea last time, I witnessed the tense situation of Korea in Panmunjom. I could realize that the root cause is the US troops' continued presence in south Korea and the existence of a great deal of nuclear weapons there.

To remove the tension in Korea and achieve its reunification, first of all, the US troops must be pulled out of south Korea. Nevertheless, the Japanese government is opposed to the US troops' pullback from south Korea and there is also an indication that the Pak "regime" may possibly run a risk, feeling apprehensions.

Under this situation the DPRK submitted significant proposals including the overture for convention of the north-south political consultative conference.

In his statement, Den Hideo, Representative member of the Council for Supporting the Reunification of the Korean Nation and Socialist member of the House of Councillors, said:

The national salvation proposal advanced by the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of the DPRK carries a very great significance. Korea's reunification must be achieved in accordance with the three principles of national reunification put forward by President Kim Il Sung and all movements for reunification must start from them. From this point of view, the proposal for the withdrawal of the US troops, the removal of nuclear weapons and the reduction of armaments made this time accords, above all, with the principles of independence and peaceful reunification and the north-south political consultative conference is a most just one which conforms with the principle of great national unity.

Denouncing the nation-splitting moves and war clamours of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, he stressed:

Quite justifiable is the proposal to convene a political consultative conference for reunification which will be represented by the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in the north and the south. I fully support it.

Makieda Motofumi, Chairman of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo), said:

In my opinion, the proposal is an entirely just one reflecting the consistent stand and attitude of the DPRK side for the realization of reunification.

Sohyo has so far supported the policy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the country's reunification and fully supports the latest national salvation proposal, too.

The cause of the danger of division and nuclear war in Korea today lies obviously in that the US imperialists keep their troops and nuclear weapons in south Korea and the south Korean authorities resort to nation-splitting manoeuvres.

The responsibility also rests with the Japanese government authorities tailing behind the US imperialists and encouraging the south Korean "regime".

The Japanese government must not oppose the US troops' pullback from south Korea.

The speakers expressed in unison their resolution to more actively wage the movement for the realization of Korea's independent and peaceful reunification strictly in line with the four-point proposal presented in the letter adopted at the joint meeting.

(KCNA)

Chongryon Central Standing Committee Issues Statement

The Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) issued on January 26 a statement supporting the new national salvation proposal put forward at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations for removing the danger of a permanent national split and war and accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

Noting that the four-point proposal advanced by the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations, an embodiment of the policy of national reunification clarified by the great sun of the nation Marshal Kim Il Sung, is a very opportune and realistic, fair and aboveboard patriotic measure for national salvation which fully reflects the unanimous desire of the whole nation, the statement warmly supported and welcomed it.

The statement said:

It is none other than the US imperialists and the south Korean rulers who have all along trampled underfoot the desire of our people for national reunification and sought the division.

Indeed, the danger of permanent split and nuclear war in our country is not the question of tomorrow but a realistic one staring us in the face and the country and the nation are confronted with a grave trial.

Today when the whole nation is faced with the crucial problem—reunification or split, peace or war, the four-point national salvation proposal put forward at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations held in Pyongyang has evoked a great response among the entire compatriots overseas who are seeking a new road to national reunification.

The statement declared:

The south Korean authorities must take at once the road of independence, not reliance upon outside forces, the road of reunification, not permanent split, the road of peace, not war, and the road of democracy, not fascism, in the spirit of the joint meeting reflecting the demand of the whole nation.

The US imperialists must give up their aggressive design on Korea, accept without delay the proposal put forward by the DPRK side on concluding a peace agreement and withdraw at once all their armed forces of aggression and military equipment from south Korea in accordance with the UN resolution and the Japanese authorities must discontinue the act of reinvading south Korea and barring the reunification of Korea.

We believe that the Japanese people and the peoples of all countries of the world who love peace and democracy will more actively support and encourage the struggle of the Korean people for national reunification.

* * *

Statements warmly supporting the four-point national salvation proposal made at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations were made public by representatives of compatriots of various strata under Chongryon.

Three "Mindan"-Lining Organizations in Japan Issue Statement

"The Committee of South Koreans in Japan for Solidarity with the Revolutionary Party for Reunification," "the Committee of South Koreans in Japan for Democratic National Reunification" and "the Committee of South Koreans in Japan for Rescuing Political Prisoners" on January 28 issued a joint statement in support of the four-point national salvation proposal advanced by the joint meeting of the political parties and public organizations held in Pyongyang, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

Anyone who burns with patriotism to save the nation, the statement said, should accept the national salvation proposal of the joint meeting. The four-point national salvation proposal presented by the joint meeting, it pointed out, is a new fair and aboveboard national salvation proposal which fully reflects the earnest longing of the whole nation for reunification, the south Korean people's aspiration for the revolution for reunification and the national desire and patriotism of the compatriots abroad.

It called upon the political parties, public organizations and personalities of conscience in south Korea, the organizations of south Koreans in Japan and all the compatriots abroad to warmly approve and support the four-point national salvation proposal.

It quoted the letter adopted at the joint meeting as saying: If the present south Korean authorities withdraw the "two Koreas" policy, renounce "anti-communism", stop the suppression of the patriotic people and democratic personages and give up the war policy enforced under the pretext of the "threat of southward invasion," we will again sit knee to knee with them and will not oppose their participation in the political consultative conference.

It strongly urged the Pak Jung Hi clique to accept the four-point national salvation proposal without delay.

It expressed the conviction that the Japanese people and the peace-loving people the world over who demand the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggression troops from south Korea and desire peace and reunification of Korea will render more active support and encouragement to the endeavours of the south Korean people for the revolution for reunification.

(KCNA)

Warmaniac's Feverish Harping on "Confrontation"

In his New Year Address for 1977, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"The situation of our country remains strained due to the moves of the US imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique to ignite a new war."

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are screwing up the situation of the country to the highest pitch through their wildcat war row are now on the rampage to make a "showdown" with us by "force" and are plotting to conduct their activities for perpetuation of national split and their flunkeyist treacheries even in the international arena.

Concrete examples are the nonsensical remarks traitor Pak Jung Hi made when he turned up in the puppet foreign ministry and the puppet ministry of defence on January 27 and 28 under the name of the "New Year's inspection".

During his inspection of the puppet ministry of defence on the 28th, quisling Pak Jung Hi again habitually blew "anti-communist" trumpet, crying wolf of the "threat of southward invasion", "internal disturbance" and "collapse" and let out a whole battery of bellicose jargon about "establishment of the structure of self-sufficient defence" and "development of defence industry" and what not. This war fanatic openly raved that the combat capacity of the puppet army and the "reserve forces" should be "increased," "their equipment should be modernized" and "their mental fighting power should be renewed" to "defeat" someone else by "strength".

Traitor Pak Jung Hi's outburst reveals his intention to build up "strength" by augmenting the military force of the puppet troops, "securing" mass destruction weapons more and more and stepping up the militarization of the economy. His attempt is to make a "showdown" with us.

That day, quisling Pak Jung Hi, overheated with a war whooping, tried to wear the mask of "peace" by again striking up the tune of a "non-aggression pact". The "non-aggression pact" advertized by the puppets is but a hypocritical slogan to judicially ratify the division of the country, foster the "strength" and realize their wild dream of "unification by prevailing over communism".

The US troops are still stationed in south Korea, nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction are deployed and armed forces are beefed up continuously there. As this stark fact remains as ever, it is self-evident that no "pact" or "agreement", even if it may be concluded, will be able to remove the tension.

What is required actually in Korea is not a "non-aggression pact" but practical and effective measures—removal of north-south military confrontation, relaxation of tension, withdrawal of nuclear weapons and all other genocidal weapons from south Korea, dismantling of nuclear bases, US troop pullout, etc.

During his inspection of the puppet foreign ministry on the 27th, traitor Pak Jung Hi advocated a "sharp diplomatic confrontation" with us in the international arena and stressed the need to "lay the foundation for the "fixation of peace".

On the same day, the puppet foreign minister also blared that they would work to "maintain south Korea-US security and cooperative system" and "strengthen the friendly and cooperative relations with Japan", with "security diplomacy" as the main "goal of diplomacy" this year.

This is intended to perpetuate the US imperialist aggression troops' occupation of south Korea through the "security diplomacy" on the one hand and get more military and economic "aid" from the US and other foreign monopolies on the other in order to hasten war preparations and freeze the division of the country.

Besides, this is designed to block our daily-increasing international influence through the "diplomatic offensive" and to avoid their international isolation.

With no sycophantic "diplomacy," however, can the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique cover up their traitorous, splittist and bellicose nature, stave off ever-growing international isolation and save themselves from ruin.

All the Korean people and the peace-loving people the world over who desire peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification will not tolerate the reckless war moves of the south Korean puppet bandits.

Ro Dong Mun

Horn-sharpening: a foolish attempt to make a "showdown" by "strength"

Cartoon by Son Chang Hak

Indelible Crimes of Pak Jung Hi Homicidal Blackguards

The US imperialists, not satiated with terrifying and killing our fellow countrymen in south Korea by taking them as guinea pigs for the shuddering bacteriological weapon test, are now even using the dead bodies of south Koreans in the test of germ weapons for massacring Korean people. A recent issue of "Choson Sinbo," Korean paper published in Tokyo, brands the US imperialists as a group of cannibals in human skin and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique offering the southern half to them as a ground for bacteriological weapon test and bartering away fellow countrymen in collusion with them as unpardonable human butchers, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

The paper said this in an article laying bare the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's criminal sale of internal organs of the dead bodies of south Koreans who fell preys to the US imperialists' bacteriological weapon test in south Korea.

Recalling that "luggages containing internal organs" sent in the name of Li Myong Bok in Seoul are being transported by a Japanese airliner and "pan-American airliner" to Dulles airport in Washington via Haneda, Anchorage and Los Angeles airdromes, the paper said that fliers and freight clerks of the Japanese air lines revealed the fact that "each luggage is sold in the United States at 600-700 dollars".

Noting that upon their arrival in Dulles airport, these luggages are brought to an institute in Rockville, Maryland, the paper said: The copy of a document clearly proves that these luggages contained not only livers but kidneys as well.

The paper recalled the fact that in recent years the US imperialists, the sworn enemy, nursed germs of hemorrhagic fever and conducted horrible bacteriological weapon tests in south Korea and, consequently, hemorrhagic fever spread there in the autumn of 1975 and it took a toll of more than 20,000 people at the end of last year.

Germs of hemorrhagic fever spread by the US imperialists in south Korea were studied by war criminals of the former 731st unit for secret strategic bacteriological operations of the Japanese imperialist Kwantung army at the 406th unit for bacteriological operations of the US army in Sagamihara, Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan, and began rapidly spreading in south Korea right after the transfer of a detachment of this unit to there, the paper said.

All these facts go to prove that the US imperialists who have carried out a large-scale test on human bodies in south Korea by applying the Japanese imperialist remnants' tactics of bacteriological weapon test are now widely using the internal organs of Koreans in the bacteriological weapon test in their general command in the US on the basis of their "successes," the paper added.

The Korean people and the world people will certainly bring the sledge-hammer of revenge upon the heads of the US imperialists, the group of cannibals, and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the paper warned.

We Condemn Traitors

△ This year the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are planning to sell out over 600 young women to the regions of the Middle East under the name of "nurse".

Hell-bent on their treachery to the country and the nation, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are crazy about dollar. In the 1963-1975 period they traded off, under the cloak of "manpower export", well over 105,000 to foreign countries where hard toil 'fags them out. Through this undertaking, 806 million dollars were put into the sellers' purse.

The south Korean women who were sold to foreign capitalists under the name of "nurse" undergo all manner of humiliation, serving them as nail and toenail clippers or helping them when in their bath. Reduced to the marauders' playthings, they are insulted and violated.

The "manpower export" project of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is a modern pattern of flesh traffic to impel fellow countrymen to miserable slavery and death and an indelible treacherous crime degrading the dignity of the nation.

△ As of the end of last year the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique raised the prices of 93 items in Seoul considerably, to 166 per cent at maximum. This year they sharply upped various kinds of fees and commodity prices. Moreover, they jerked up the standard prices of bread and cider — foodstuffs for mass consumption—by a wide margin, 12.5-23 per cent at maximum. The railway freight rates went up by 17.3 per cent, passenger fees by 13 per cent and postal charges by 100 per cent on the average. Especially, charges for telephone rose as high as 234.6 per cent.

This is an outcome of the anti-popular policy of the Pak Jung Hi puppet bandits who seek personal comfort and wealth, squeezing out the life's blood of the people and stepping up war preparations.

△ The Pak Jung Hi puppet thugs have turned south Korean hospitals into profiteering centres, not into therapeutic institutions for protection of human lives.

Doctor's fees in south Korea in 1970 were 7.1 times higher than in 1965 and the amount showed a 7 to 15-fold rise in the four years since 1970.

Blinded by money-making, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique again jacked up the doctor's fees as a whole this year.

The doctor's fees at the "national hospitals" directly run by the puppet clique jumped up by 20-27 per cent and those at the hospitals attached to higher educational institutions and at general hospitals by 21-40 per cent on an average.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique boosted medicine prices by an average of 20-30 per cent on the whole as compared with last year.

In particular, the price of medicine for the cold shot up by 50 percent.

Such being the case, people in south Korea can hardly receive medical treatment even when they fall ill and death threatens them.

SOLIDARITY AND COOPERATION

☆ An agreement on civil air transportation between the governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam was signed in Pyongyang on January 14.

☆ An agreement on cultural cooperation between the governments of the DPRK and the Republic of Afghanistan was signed in Kabul on January 10.

Ten Years Traversed under the Banner of "Arusha Declaration"

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"A people who have cut off the chains of imperialism, colonialism and become the master of the country can, indeed, work miracles".

Ten years have passed since the Tanzanian people who had become the masters of the country started up their historical march in strict adherence to the idea of the "Arusha Declaration".

The publication of the "Arusha Declaration" in Tanzania on February 5, 1967 was a reflection of the firm resolve of the Tanzanian people to carve out their future by their own efforts, taking their destiny into their own hands. It marked an epochal turn in developing their struggle to liquidate the aftermath of colonial rule and build a new society onto a new, higher stage.

Over the past ten years, a great turn has been brought about in all fields of the society of Tanzania and the looks of the country changed considerably in the course of advancing under the revolutionary slogan of socialism and self-reliance put forward in the "Arusha Declaration".

The government and people have firmly defended the dignity of the nation and the sovereignty of the country in spite of all sorts of threat and blackmail and pressure of the imperialists. In accordance with the idea of the "Arusha Declaration", Tanzania expelled the colonialist officials from the government and army, ousted the members of the "peace corps" who were guides to US imperialist aggression engrossed in espionage and plot to overthrow the government and meted out a stern judgement to the hostile elements who indulged in subversive activities and sabotage.

The foundation of the national industry has further been solidified in accordance with the idea of the "Arusha Declaration". Tanzania had no textile mill before independence. But she has now textile mills and many other factories—tractor assembly plants, chemical fertilizer factories, cement factories, etc. Tanzania is satisfying domestic demands for cotton fabrics and various other consumer goods on her own.

New changes are also taking place in the domain of agriculture. The government has taken a series of measures to turn the rural area where poverty had prevailed in the past into a countryside rich and good to live in. As a result, a number of "socialist rural communities" have come into being everywhere. The Tanzanian people are now displaying initiative and activeness in order to attain self-sufficiency in food.

Great progress has also been made in the spheres of education, culture and public health.

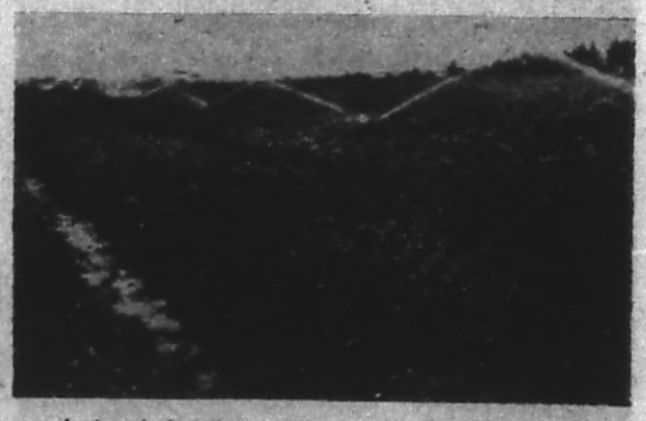
The daily changing appearances of Tanzania show that a people who have become the master of the country can work miracles in the struggle for the prosperity and development of the country when they advance under the banner of independence and self-sustenance.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice over and warmly congratulate the successes attained by the Tanzanian people under the correct leadership of President Julius K. Nyerere.

We still remember the excellent impressions left by the Tanzanian President and the Tanzanian First Vice-President during their visits to our country in June 1968 and in December last year. Friendly relations between the peoples of Korea and Tanzania are being strengthened as the days go by for the community of their past position and their present struggle.

Only victory and glory are in store for the Tanzanian people who are marching ahead under the banner of the "Arusha Declaration".

Chin Bang Hun



A view of plantation of coffee, a crop exported by Tanzania

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